

Draft Paper

The future of preparatory training leading to a trade or an occupation

**A question of partnership, autonomy and
evaluation**

Direction de la planification et du développement
Ministère de l'Éducation, du Loisir et du Sport

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Overview of vocational and technical training

Context of the study

- Describe the sharing of responsibilities among training programs authorities for programs leading to a trade or an occupation offered in an **educational environment** or in the workplace

States under study

- Lithuania, for the European Union
- Quebec, Ontario and Massachusetts, for North America



A few background elements

➤ In Quebec

- Demographics
- Regionalization
- Partnership
- The development of VTT in Quebec with two reforms to VT and TT

➤ Reasons...

- Ontario
- Massachusetts
- Lithuania?

Aspects considered in the study

1. Structure of educational systems
2. Occupational qualifications model
3. Continuity between training paths
4. Development of programs of study
5. Evaluation of programs of study
6. Evaluation of learning

1 Structure of educational systems

Overview of the structure of educational systems

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Quebec												Cegep				
Ontario									OYAP → App.				CERTIF CAAT			
Mass.													State Coll			
Lith.													Colleges			
Elementary				Secondary				VT				TT				

Organization of vocational and technical training

		Name	Number	Diplomas
Quebec (7.2 M)	VT	Vocational Training Centres	70 boards 169 centres	AVE, DVS, AVS
	TT	Cegeps	48	DCS, ACS
Ontario (12 M)	VT	School Boards	72 SB	SSD: Pre-employment path 05 apprenticeship programs
	TT	CAAT College of Applied Art and technology	25	Certificate (1 year) Diploma (2 or 3 years)
Massachusetts (6.3)	VT	Vocational Technical Schools	200	Certificate of Occupational Proficiency
	TT	Community College	15	Certificate (1 year) Associate degree and Technical trade (2 years)
Lithuania (3.5 M)	VT	Vocational Schools	80	Qualification Certificate Qualified Worker's Diploma
	TT	Colleges	25	Higher Education Diploma, Specific Qualification and Qualified Worker's Diploma

Centralized management bodies responsible for VTT

- In Lithuania: (2 ministries)
 - Education and Sciences
 - Social Security and Labour
- Massachusetts: (3 bodies)
 - *Massachusetts Department of Education*
 - *Massachusetts Board of Higher Education*
 - *U.S. Department of Labor*
- Ontario: (1 ministry)
 - Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities

In Quebec

- 2 ministries:
 - Éducation, Loisir et Sport (MELS)
 - Emploi et Solidarité sociale (MESS)

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2 Occupational qualifications models

The notion of occupational qualifications model

➤ Definition

- Set of functional links between needs for initial training and continuing training of the workforce and the means provided within a given state to fill these needs

➤ Components

- Occupational activity reference system
- Training reference system
- Evaluation reference system

Components of an occupational qualifications model

Occupational activity reference system

- Defines the set of **responsibilities** and **tasks** specific to an occupation and the **skills** required to perform it

Training reference system

- Corresponds to a **study program** in the educational network or a learning program or upgrading activities within the workplace

Evaluation reference system

- Refers to the accuracy of **evaluation criteria** or the **specification** of learning

Quebec qualifications model



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graph TD; A[Quebec qualifications model] --> B[Type of reference system]; A --> C[Education]; A --> D[Employment]; B --> E[Occup. activity ref. sys.]; C --> F[Training project for a program developed with job analysis]; D --> G[Professional standards determined by trade analysis]; E --> H[Training ref. sys.]; F --> I[Study program]; G --> J[PAMT (apprenticeship prog)]; H --> K[Evaluation ref. sys.]; I --> L[Specifications]; J --> M[To come];
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The diagram illustrates the Quebec qualifications model, structured into three main branches: Type of reference system, Education, and Employment. Each branch further details specific components and processes, such as reference systems, training projects, and professional standards.

Type of reference system

Occup. activity ref. sys.

Training ref. sys.

Evaluation ref. sys.

Education

**Training project for a program
developed with job analysis**

Study program

Specifications

Employment

**Professional standards
determined by trade analysis**

**PAMT
(apprenticeship prog)**

To come

Occupational qualifications model used in Lithuania

Training offered within the educational network

Training offered in the workplace

Job Profile

Vocational Education and Training Standard

Standard for Qualification

Qualification Requirement

Training programs offered in schools

Training programs offered in the workplace

Occupational activity ref. system

Training reference system

Evaluation reference system

Occupational qualifications model used in Ontario

Training offered within the educational network

Program standards defined by the Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities (MTCU)

Study programs developed by the colleges

Learning evaluation process developed by the colleges

Occupational activity ref. system

Training reference system

Evaluation reference system

Training offered in the workplace

Apprenticeship standards defined by Ontario's sectoral committees

Apprenticeship programs developed by the sectoral committees and the MTCU

Evaluation by the sectoral committees and the MTCU

Professional standards of the Red Seal Program defined by sector councils of HRDC

Apprenticeship programs developed by the sectoral committees and the MTCU

Evaluation by the sectoral committees and the MTCU

Occupational qualifications model used in Massachusetts

Training offered within the educational network

Colleges in accordance with requirements set by the *Board of Higher Education*

Occupational activity ref. system

Training reference system

Evaluation reference system

Educational institutions

Training offered in the workplace

The *Department of Labor and Workforce Development*

Occupational activity ref. system

Training ref. sys.
(theoretical component)

Evaluation reference system

Educational institutions

Training ref. sys.
(practical component)

Evaluation reference system

Labour market partners

Comparison of occupational qualifications models in the education system and the workplace

In Europe

- Use of a *single* occupational activity reference system to develop the training reference systems and to define common evaluation reference system

In North America

- Use of *different* occupational activity reference systems to develop distinct training and evaluation reference systems

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3 Continuity between training paths

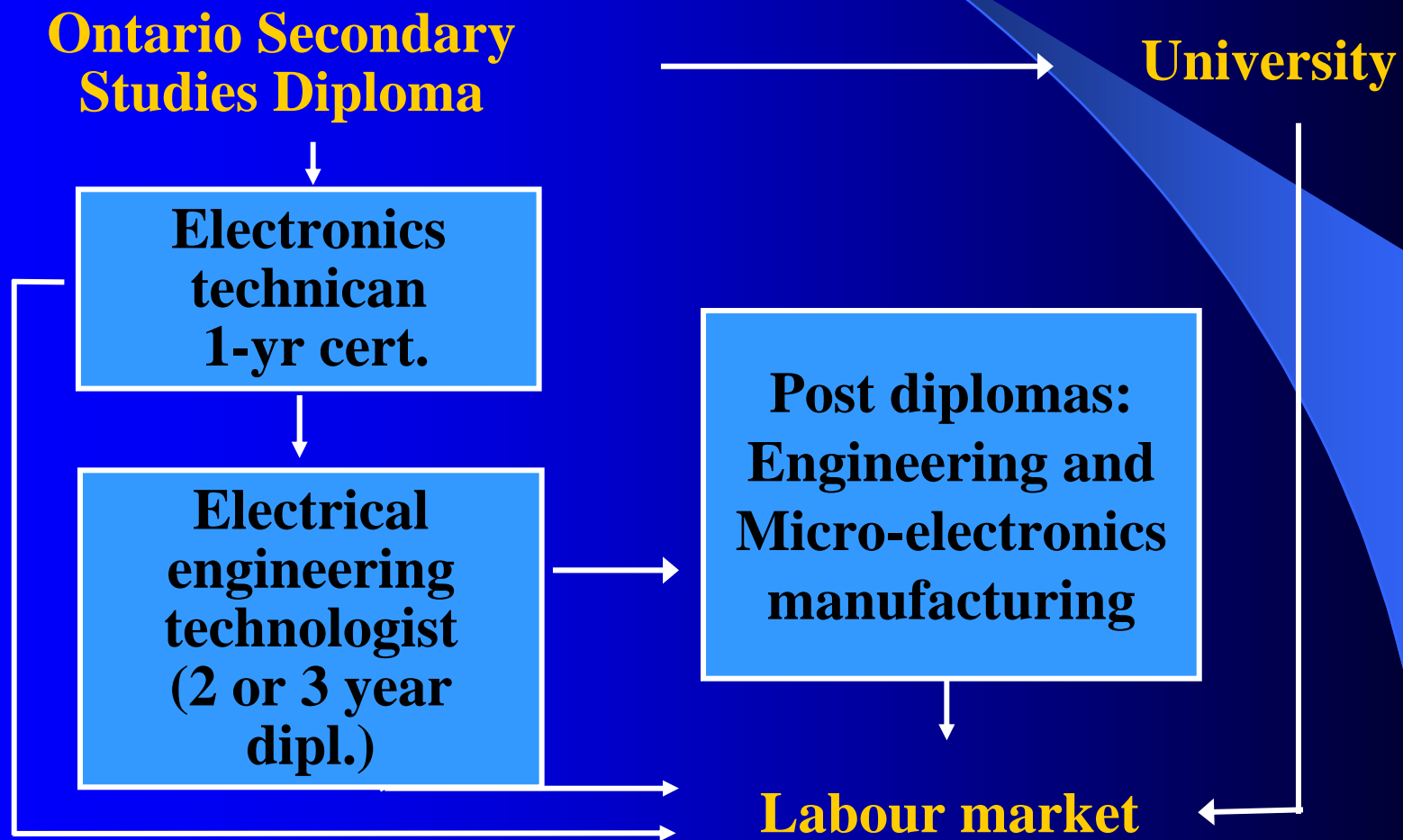
Continuity between training paths


- Definition of the concept
 - Potential for individual to **advance** from one order of education to another to continue studies within the **same** speciality
- State-based differences
 - In Europe, continuity occurs through recognition of skills acquired in **various places and using different modes**
 - In North America, continuity occurs through recognition of skills or credits accumulated **in courses under one or more related study programs**

Observations related to continuity

- In Quebec: Harmonization, articulation and continuity grids between certain DVS programs and DCS-BAC bridges
- In Lithuania: Requirement under Copenhagen agreement, emerging work (Ex: levels 3 and 4 and vocational training programs in colleges)
- In Massachusetts: Included in the program evaluation process (*Joint Admissions Program*) (Ex: Priority for *Tech. Prep* in *Community Colleges*, *Associate in Arts Degree* in the *Bachelor's Degree*, the apprenticeship continuum)
- In Ontario: An integral part of the certificate-diploma-post diploma model within a single CAAT

An illustration of continuity between training paths: the case of Ontario



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4 Development of vocational and technical training programs

Activity implemented to develop programs of study	Authority that executes each activity in the jurisdictions examined			
	Lithuania	Ontario	Massachusetts	Quebec
Establish a national consensus on the skills necessary to perform a given occupation	Ministry of Education and Science	Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities	No consensus at state level	MELS
Analyze the labour market to determine the labour training needs for a given occupation	Ministry of Education and Science <i>Industrial Lead Bodies</i>	CAAT	Community College	MELS
Propose the development of new programs of study or review and adapt existing programs	Colleges	CAAT	Community College	MELS
Evaluate the pertinence of proposed new programs of study or reviewed and adapted programs and approve them	Ministry of Education and Science	Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities	Massachusetts Board of Higher Education	MELS

Activity implemented to develop study programs (cont.)	Authority that executes each activity in the jurisdictions examined			
	Lithuania	Ontario	Massachusetts	Quebec
Develop programs of study in accordance with the occupational activity reference system and established requirements	<i>Colleges</i>	CAAT	<i>Community College</i>	MELS Cegeps Framework program
Approve new programs of study based on established requirements or conditions prescribed by law and reference framework	Ministry of Education and Science the <i>Chambers</i>	Independent organization	<i>Massachusetts Board of Higher Education</i>	MELS CNPEPT notice
Implement programs of study	<i>Colleges</i>	CAAT	<i>Community College</i>	VT Centres pedagogical choices Cegeps Framework program

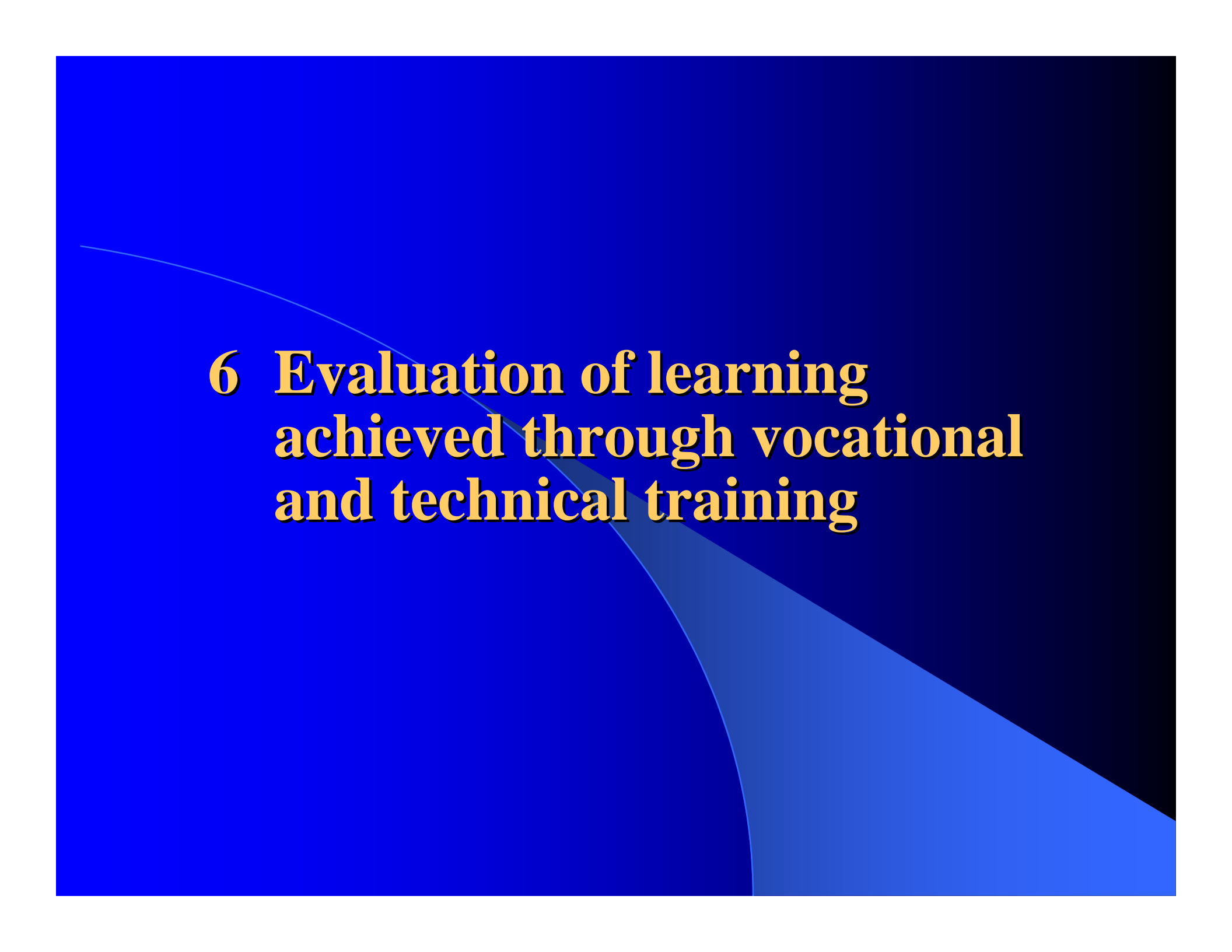
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5 Evaluation of vocational and technical programs of study

Activity implemented to evaluate programs of study	Authority that executes each activity in the jurisdictions examined			
	Lithuania	Ontario	Massachusetts	Quebec
Follow-up programs of study	<i>Centre for Quality Assessment in Higher Education and partners</i>	<i>CAAT and the Credentials Validation Service</i>	<i>Board of Higher Education and Community Colleges</i>	MELS
Evaluate vocational training programs of study	<i>Centre for Quality Assessment in Higher Education and partners</i>	—	—	MELS
Evaluate technical training programs of study	<i>Centre for Quality Assessment in Higher Education and partners</i>	<i>CAAT and the Credentials Validation Service</i>	<i>Board of Higher Education and Community Colleges</i>	MELS CEEC Cegeps

Development and evaluation of programs of study



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6 Evaluation of learning achieved through vocational and technical training

Evaluation of learning based on the occupational qualifications model

In Europe

- Use of a **single** evaluation reference system to evaluate learning achieved in training programs offered in the educational network or in the workplace

In North America

- Use of **distinct** location-based evaluation reference systems to evaluate learning achieved in training programs offered in the educational network or in the workplace

Sharing of learning evaluation responsibilities based on...		Authority involved in evaluating learning in the jurisdictions examined			
		Lithuania	Ontario	Massachusetts	Québec
Training level	Vocational training	Evaluation board Labour market partners	–	Massachusetts Department of Education	MELS
	Technical training	Colleges	CAAT	Community College	MELS Cegeps
The evaluation process phase	Development of evaluation conditions	Colleges	CAAT	Community College	MELS School boards (CS) Cegeps
	Implementation of evaluation activities	Three-party evaluation board with <i>Chambers</i> : employer, worker and instructor representatives	CAAT	Community College	School board (CS) Cégeps

Considerations to reflect on

- How to ensure more **convergence** related to labour training?
- How to **evaluate and follow-up of** programs of study?
- How and why to share certain responsibilities related to the **evaluation** of vocational and technical training?
- How to ensure **stable and recurring** financing for vocational and technical training?